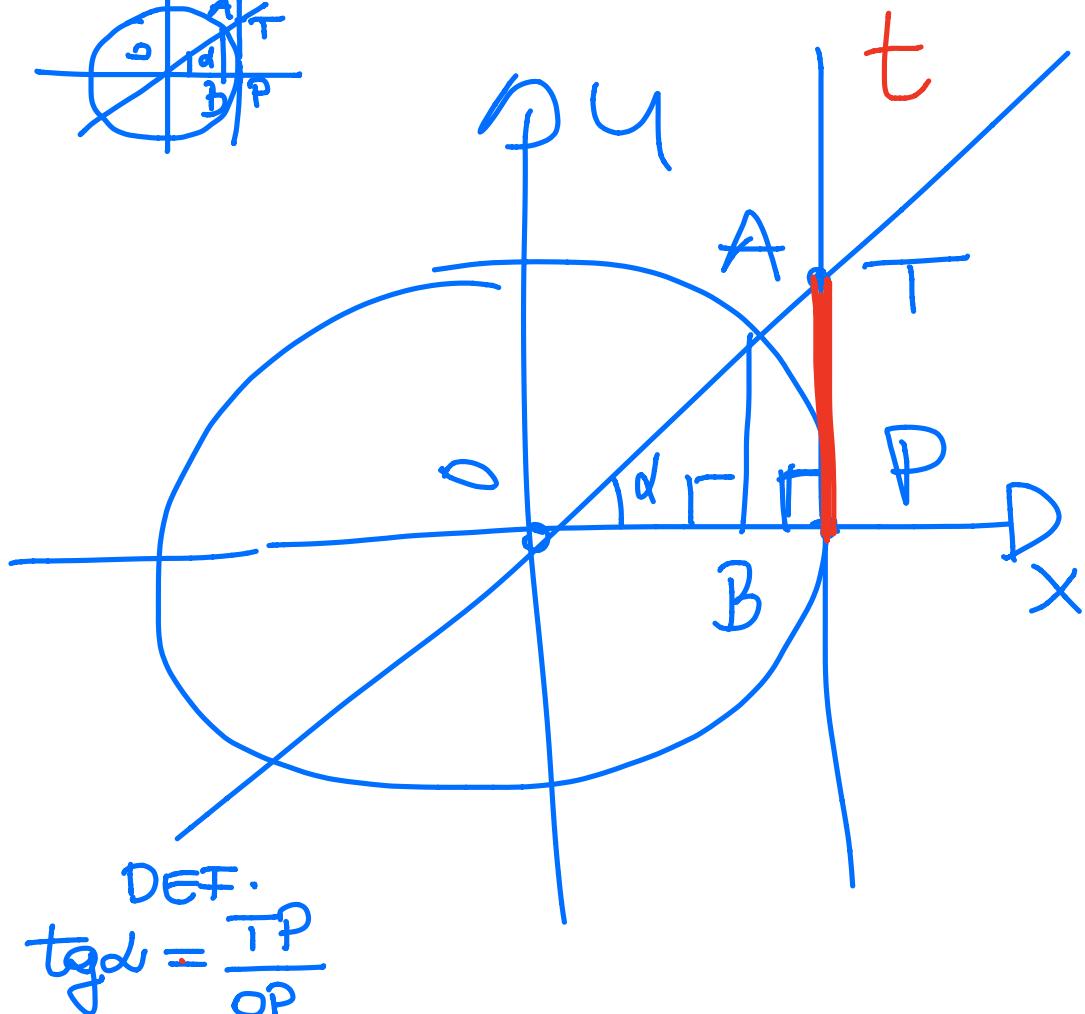
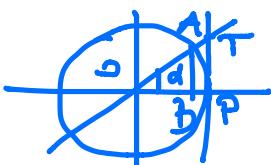


$$\text{OAB rettangolo} \Rightarrow \frac{AB^2}{OA^2} + \frac{OB^2}{OA^2} = \frac{OA^2}{OA^2} \quad OA=1$$

$$\left(\frac{AB}{OA}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{OB}{OA}\right)^2 = 1$$

1° ID. FOND.  
GON.

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$



$$\text{DEF.} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{TP}{OP}$$

$A\hat{O}B \sim T\hat{O}P$  ?

$$\frac{TP}{R} : \frac{OP}{R} = \frac{AB}{R} : \frac{OB}{R}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha : 1 = \operatorname{sen} \alpha : \cos \alpha$$

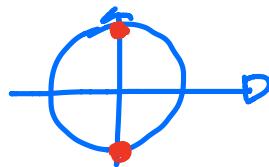
2° REL. FOND.  
GON.

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha \neq 0 \quad \alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge$$

$$\alpha \neq \frac{3\pi}{2}$$



$$\frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\boxed{\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}}$$

$$\operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha} = \frac{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha - 1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}$$

$$\boxed{\operatorname{sen} \alpha = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha}{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}}}$$

$$\operatorname{sen} \alpha = \pm \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha}{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}}$$

Trovare sen $\alpha$  e cos $\alpha$  sapendo che tg $\alpha = -\frac{1}{3}$

esse  $\alpha \in 4^{\circ}$  QUADR.

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{\frac{1}{9}}{1 + \frac{1}{9}} = \frac{\frac{1}{9}}{\frac{10}{9}} = \frac{1}{10} \quad \sin \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{\frac{10}{9}} = \frac{9}{10} \quad \cos \alpha = +\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}$$